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EUROPEAN SPACE AGENCY CONTRACT REPORT

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Survey of Total Ionising Dose Tolerance of Power Bipolar Transistors and Silicon Carbide Devices for JUICE

TN5.12 TID Test Report for SiC JFET IJW120R100T1

Manufacturer: Infineon

Date code/Lot code: HAA547

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European Space Agency (ESA), co 4000113976/15/NL/RA	ntract number	Project Coordinator: Stefan Höffgen (INT) ESA Technical Project Officer: Marc Poizat (ESA/ESTEC)		





Document approval

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Version history

Table 1: Revision history

Version	Date	Changed by	Changes
1.0	2018-12-10	Steffens	Initial release
2.0	-	-	
	-	-	



Table of contents

Docume	ent approval	2
1	Introduction	5
2	Summary	6
3	Sample preparations	8
4	Irradiation conditions	10
5	Measurement parameters	14
6	Results	18
A	Fraunhofer INT	33
В	Irradiation details	36
С	Irradiation documentation	39



List of figures

Figure 1: Overview of results	
Figure 2: The ESD package with the samples	8
Figure 3: Sample marking	9
Figure 4: Bias board	
Figure 5: Board fixture at TK1000B	11
Figure 6: Bias conditions	12
Figure 7: Biasing equipment	
Figure 8: Environment variables during irradiation.	13
Figure 9: Determination of VGS(th)	
Figure 10: Measurement equipment/setup	16
Figure 11: Test setup: SMUs	
Figure 12: Environment variables during measurements	
Figure 13: TK1000B irradiation facility	36
List of tables	
Table 1: Revision history	2
Table 2: Summary	
Table 3: Sample shipment	8
Table 4: Sample marking:	9
Table 5: Irradiation steps	
Table 6: Environmental variables during irradiation	13
Table 7: Measurement parameters	
Table 8: Measurement equipment	
Table 9: Environment variables during measurements	17



1 Introduction

1.1 Scope

The Fraunhofer Institute for Technological Trend Analysis (INT) carried out a series of Co-60 irradiations on SiC JFET IJW120R100T1 from Infineon for the ESA project "Survey of Total Ionizing Dose Tolerance of Power Bipolar Transistors and Silicon Carbide Devices for JUICE" (ESA-TOPSIDE, AO/1-8148/14/NL/SFe) under contract number 4000113976/15/NL/RA.

This reports documents the preparation, execution and the results of these tests.

1.2 Applicable Documents

- [AD1] ITT/AO/1-8148/14/NL/SFe "Statement of work: Survey of Total Ionizing Dose Tolerance of Power Bipolar Transistors and Silicon Carbide Devices for JUICE"
- [AD2] Proposal for ITT/AO/1-8148/14/NL/SFe, Fraunhofer INT

1.3 Reference Documents

- [1] Website of Fraunhofer INT: http://www.int.fraunhofer.de
- [2] Guidelines for Evaluating and Expressing the Uncertainty of NIST Measurement Results, B.N. Taylor and C.E. Kuyatt, NIST Technical Note 1297, 1994, http://www.nist.gov/pml/pubs/tn1297/index.cfm.
- [3] ESCC Basic Specification No. 22900, issue 5, June 2016
- [4] Datasheet of SiC JFET IJW120R100T1, "SiC- JFET Silicon Carbide- Junction Field Effect Transistor 1200 V CoolSiC™ Power Transistor IJW120R100T1", Infineon, Final Datasheet Rev. 2.0, <2013-09-11>
- [5] TN2.12 "TID Test Plan IJW120R100T1 (JFET)", Issue 1, Revision 1, 2017-02-13
- [6] MIL-STD-883K w/CHANGE 2, Method 1019.9, "Ionizing Radiation (Total Dose) Test Procedure", 2017



2 Summary

Table 2: Summary

Test Report Number	025/2017			
Project (INT)	NEO-14-086			
Customer	European Space Agency (ESA), contract number 4000113976/15/NL/RA			
Contact	Project Coordinator: Stefan Höffgen (INT) ESA Technical Project Officer: Marc Poizat (ESA/ESTEC)			
ESA project / contract number	AO/1-8148/14/NL/SFe 4000113976/15/NL/RA			
Device under test	IJW120R100T1			
Family	SiC JFET			
Technology	Silicon Carbide- Junction Field Effect Transistor			
Package	TO247-3			
Date code / Wafer lot	HAA547			
SN	Biased (5x): # 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Unbiased (5x): # 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 Reference (1x): # 0			
Manufacturer	Infineon			
Irradiation test house	Fraunhofer INT			
Radiation source	Co-60			
Irradiation facility	TK1000B			
Generic specification	ESCC 22900 lss. 5			
Detail specification	ESCC 22900 lss. 5			
Test plan	TN2.12 "TID Test Plan IJW120R100T1 (JFET)", Issue 1, Revision 1, 2017-02-13			
Max. test level	1 Mrad(Si)			
Dose steps	Multiple: 30, 50, 100, 300, 500, 1000 krad(Si)			
Dose rate	8.76 krad(Si)/h			
Start of irradiation	2017-03-01 04:03:31			
Stop of irradiation	2017-03-06 08:03:35			
Non-Homogeneity in DUT	11.1%			



Annealing	24h @RT, 168h @ 100°C
Electrical measurements/ Parameters tested	$V_{(BR)DSS}$, I_{GSS} , I_{DSS} , $V_{GS(th)}$, $R_{DS(on)}$, V_{SD}

2.1 Overview of results

Figure 1: Overview of results

Pass/Fail			Total Dose [krad (Si)]					Annealing		
		0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°
V_BR_DSS	On									
V_DK_D33	Off									
L V DD DCC	On									
I_V_BR_DSS	Off									
IDSS	On									
1022	Off									
VGSth	On									
VGStn	Off									
IGSS	On									
1033	Off									
RdsON	On					1				
RUSON	Off									
VSD	On									
V 3D	Off									

2.2 Comments

- Due to a limited number of samples, some DUTs were used for other tests after conduction of this TID campaign (see Table 4).
- The field non-homogeneity of 11.1% ($\approx \pm 5.5\%$) is calculated across the package dimensions. The non-homogeneity in the sensitive volume should be much lower.
- The TID tests of SiC Schottky Diode SML020DH12 of the same project were performed simultaneously at the same facility TK1000B.
- During the conduction of the test campaign, two deviations from the requirements of ESCC 22900 occurred: the time gap between the end of one step and the start of the next step where up to 2 minutes longer than allowed.
- R_{dson}: Measured values are corrected by setup resistance of approx. 40 mOhm. Displayed in this report are the already corrected values.



3 Sample preparations

3.1 Sample shipment

A total of 30 Samples were procured by INT at a commercial supplier (Mouser Electronics) for the conduction of these tests for ESA. The parcel contained devices with one identification code (HAA547). Due to the devices being so-called "commercial-off-the-shelf" (COTS) devices, it is not clear whether this identifies the wafer or just the packaging).

Table 3: Sample shipment

Samples ordered	Samples received	Samples sent back
January 2016	February 2016	still at INT (partially used for other tests in this project)

Figure 2: The ESD package with the samples





3.2 Sample identification/ marking

The samples were soldered to adapter pins, to ease the mounting to the board, exchanging, plugging and storage of the samples.

The samples were colour marked to differentiate the samples between each other and to separate the samples of the different campaigns or types.



Figure 3: Sample marking



3.3 Sample safekeeping

The samples were stored in an Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) box (Figure 3) to handle them safely during the test, the interim storage after the last measurement and the final shipment.

Table 4: Sample marking: Due to a limited number of samples, some DUTs were used for other tests after conduction of this TID campaign

Condition	Label	S/N	Color	Code	Comment
Control sample	REF#1	0			
	ON#1	1			further used for proton SEE tests
	ON#2	2			further used for proton SEE tests
Biased	ON#3	3			further used for proton SEE tests
	ON#4	4			further used for decapsulation tests
	ON#5	5	•		further used for decapsulation tests
	OFF#1	6			further used for decapsulation tests
	OFF#2	7	'		
Unbiased	OFF#3	8	ı		
	OFF#4	9			
	OFF#5	10			



4 Irradiation conditions

4.1 Irradiation steps

Table 5: Irradiation steps

	Step	Total	Doserate	Start Irr.	Stop Irr.	Duration	Start Tests	Stop Tests	Dur.
	[krad(Si)]	[krad (Si)]	[krad(Si)/h]			[d h:m:s]			[h:m]
0	0.00	0		-	-		28.02.2017 18:26	28.02.2017 18:53	0:27
1	30.00	30	8.76	01. 03.2017 04:03:31	01. 03.2017 07:28:57	0d 03:25:26	01.03.2017 08:21	01.03.2017 09:06	0:45
2	20.00	50	8.76	01. 03.2017 09:24:49	01. 03.2017 11:41:45	0d 02:16:56	01.03.2017 11:59	01.03.2017 12:28	0:29
3	50.00	100	8.76	01. 03.2017 13:42:00	01. 03.2017 19:24:24	0d 05:42:24	01.03.2017 19:49	01.03.2017 20:14	0:25
4	200.00	300	8.76	01. 03.2017 21:21:08	02. 03.2017 20:10:28	0d 22:49:20	02.03.2017 20:20	02.03.2017 20:52	0:32
5	200.00	500	8.76	02. 03.2017 22:12:16	03. 03.2017 21:01:35	0d 22:49:19	03.03.2017 21:07	03.03.2017 21:32	0:25
6	500.00	1000	8.76	03. 03.2017 23:00:09	06. 03.2017 08:03:35	2d 09:03:26	06.03.2017 08:39	06.03.2017 09:02	0:23
7		24 h @ RT		06. 03.2017 09:10:00	07. 03.2017 09:10:00	1d 00:00:00	07.03.2017 09:24	07.03.2017 09:44	0:20
8		168 h @100°	C	07. 03.2017 10:10:00	14. 03.2017 13:00:00	7d 02:50:00	14.03.2017 13:32	14.03.2017 13:51	0:19

The TID tests of SiC Schottky Diode SML020DH12 of the same project were performed simultaneously at the same facility TK1000B.

During the conduction of the test campaign, two deviations from the requirements of ESCC 22900 occurred: the time gap between the end of one step and the start of the next step where up to 2 minutes longer than allowed.

4.2 Sample holder

A custom-build printed-circuit board (Figure 4) was manufactured to

- bias the samples according to the circuit-layout of the irradiation test plan [5] (see also chapter 4.3)
- fix the samples under the radiation source (see also chapter 4.3 Geometry)
- irradiate the samples homogeneously.



4.3 Geometry

The irradiation parameters correspond to a sample-distance of 16.1 cm from the TK1000B source (Figure 5) to the object minimum.

In each test a PMMA layer of 5 mm was placed over the DUTs to achieve charge equilibrium.

Figure 4: Bias board

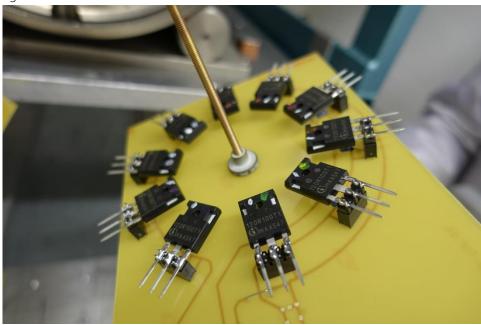
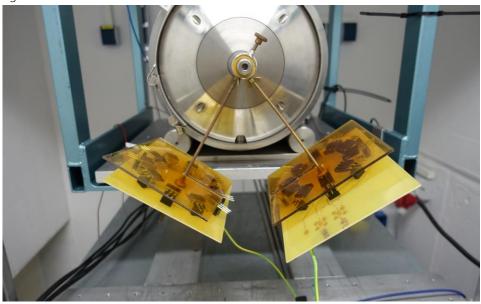


Figure 5: Board fixture at TK1000B





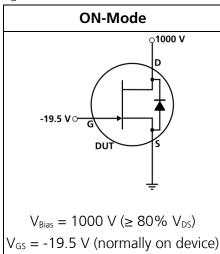
4.4 Bias conditions

During the irradiation and the subsequent annealing the samples were biased or operated according to the circuit-description of the irradiation test plan [5] (see Figure 6).

A fug HCE 35-1250 voltage supply (Eq.Id E-PS1-043, supply in center of Figure 7) was used for biasing the drain and a fug HCE 35-125 voltage supply (Eq.Id E-PS1-036, supply on left side of Figure 7) was used for biasing the gate. The supply was not calibrated but the voltage was checked with a calibrated voltmeter.

During transport from the irradiation site to the electrical measurement site and back again all terminals were shorted.

Figure 6: Bias conditions



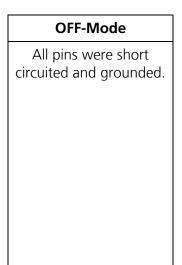
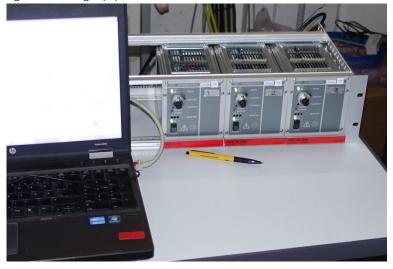


Figure 7: Biasing equipment





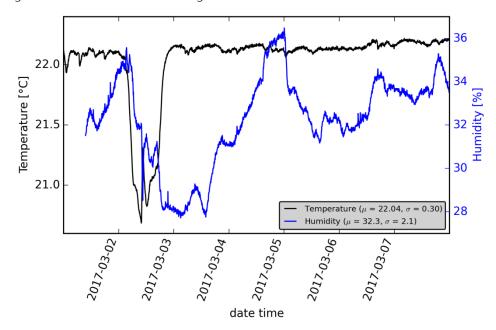
4.5 Environmental variables

All irradiation steps were done in air. The samples at TK1000B were irradiated in ambient light. The parameters of the humidity and the temperature are given in the following tables and figures.

Table 6: Environmental variables during irradiation

Parameter	Value and Unit	Remarks
Humidity	32.3% ± 2.1%	Non-condensing, during irradiation and first annealing (24 h)
Temperature	22.0 °C ± 0.3 °C	During irradiation and first annealing (24 h)
Temperature	100.0 ± 3.0 °C	During second annealing at 100°C.

Figure 8: Environment variables during irradiation.





5 Measurement parameters

The measurement of the electrical parameters was done by Fraunhofer INT in accordance with the measurements standards and test methods of ESA, MIL and IEC.

The test plan based on the ESA Basic Specification No. 22900 [3] in general and the irradiation test plan [5] in particular.

Parameters listed in the following Table 7 were measured before and after each irradiation step and each annealing step.

5.1 Measurement parameters

Table 7: Measurement parameters. Based on [4], taken from [5]

No.	Characteristics	Characteristics Symbol MIL-STD-750 Test Method		Test Conditions		
1	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	3407	Bias Condition A, $V_{GS} = -19.5 \text{ V}$, $I_{DS} = 1 \text{ mA}$, Note 1		
2	Gate-Source Leakage Current	I _{GSS}	3411	Bias Condition C, $V_{GS} = -19.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$		
3	Drain-Source Leakage Current	I _{DSS}	3413	Bias Condition B, V _{DS} =1200V, V _{GS} =-19.5V		
4	Gate Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	3403	V _{DS} =40V, I _{DS} =10 μA, Note 2		
5	Drain-Source On-State Resistance	R _{DS(on)}	3421	Bias Condition B, V _{GS} =0V, I _D =9A		
6	Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	4011	V _{GS} =-19.5V, I _{SD} =18A, Note 3		

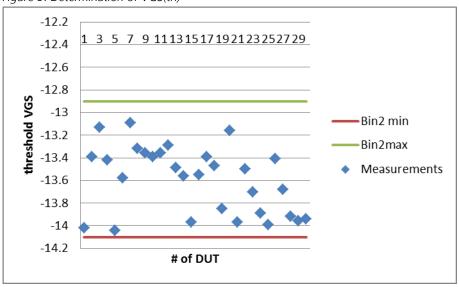
Note 1: Test Condition according to device data sheet would be TC = -50°C. Instead of continuous low temperature measurement we propose to perform the measurement at room temperature with short pulses (t<1ms, duty cycle <2%)

Note 2: Devices are delivered by the manufacturer within three groups (bin1, bin2, bin3) with 1 V range each. The classification of the DUTs into Bin2 (min: -14.1 V, max -12.9 V) is based on measurements of each device (see Figure 9).

Note 3: Only typical value given in device datasheet



Figure 9: Determination of VGS(th)



5.2 Measurement equipment

Table 8: Measurement equipment

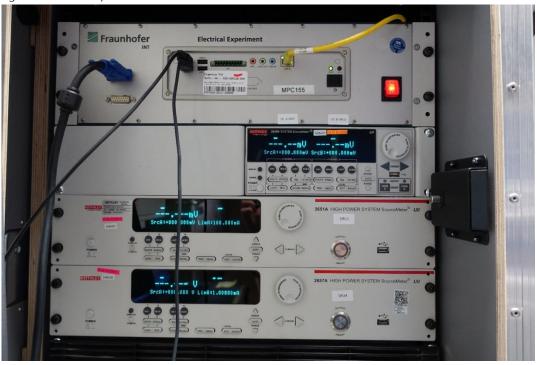
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	INT-Code	Calibr. due	Measurement
System Source-Meter	Keithley	2636B	E-SMU-010	01/2018	$V_{(BR)DSS}$, I_{GSS} , I_{DSS} , $V_{GS(th)}$, V_{SD}
System Source Meter	Keithley	2651A	E-SMU-011	11/2017	$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$, V_{SD}
High Power System Source-Meter	Keithley	2657A	E-SMU-008	11/2017	$V_{\text{(BR)DSS}}$, I_{GSS} , I_{DSS} , $V_{\text{GS(th)}}$
Test Fixture	Keithley	8010	E-SPAT-004		all



Figure 10: Measurement equipment/setup



Figure 11: Test setup: SMUs





5.3 Measurement procedures

Procedures according to the MIL test methods given in Table 7 and Notes 1+2.

Measurements were programmed using the software Keithley ASC Basic allowing timed operation of the SMUs during pulses (e.g. using a fixed delay between pulse rise and parameter readout times).

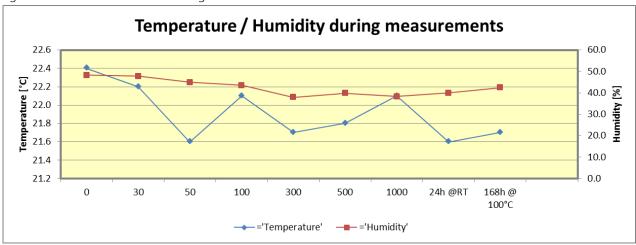
5.4 Environmental variables

All measurement and annealing steps were done in air. The samples are measured in a lightproof measuring-case. The parameters of the humidity and the temperature during the tests in the ESD area are given in the following table and figure.

Table 9: Environment variables during measurements

Test cond.		Annealing							
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Temperature [°C]	22.4E+0	22.2E+0	21.6E+0	22.1E+0	21.7E+0	21.8E+0	22.1E+0	21.6E+0	21.7E+0
Humidity [%]	48.2E+0	47.8E+0	44.9E+0	43.5E+0	38.0E+0	39.8E+0	38.3E+0	40.0E+0	42.4E+0

Figure 12: Environment variables during measurements





6 Results

6.1 Overview: Pass/Fail

Pass/Fail			Tota	l Dose [krad	(Si)]			Anne	aling	
		0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
V PD DCC	On									
V_BR_DSS	Off									
LV DD DCC	On									
I_V_BR_DSS	Off									
IDSS	On									
1033	Off									
VGSth	On									
VGSIII	Off									
IGSS	On									
1033	Off									
RdsON	On					1				
	Off									
VSD	On									
V 3D	Off									



6.2 Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage

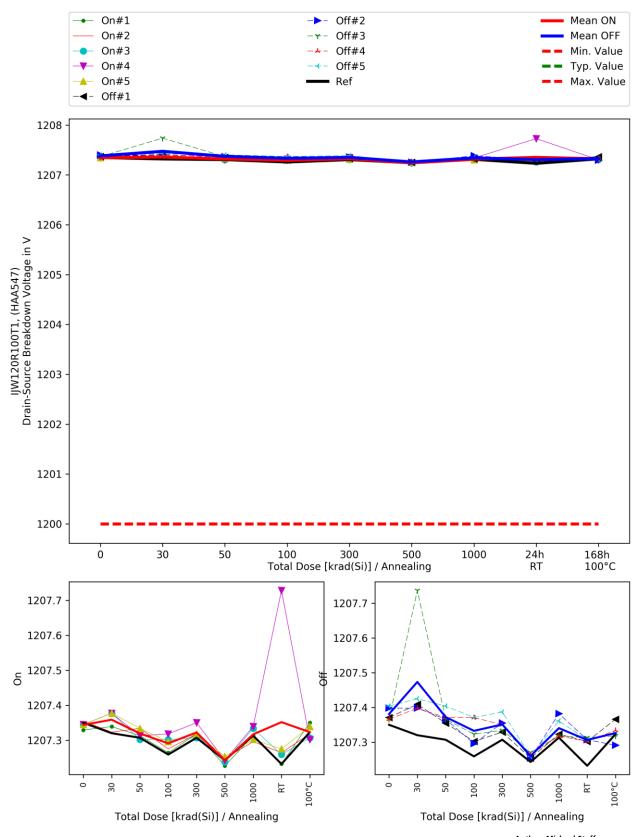
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage V_BR_DSS in V

Limit: 1200.0 < x

IJW120R100T1

ON-Mode			Total [Oose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
ſ	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°0
On#1	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
On#2	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
On#3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
On#4	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
On#5	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Radiation-Mean ON	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Standarddeviation	9.3E-3	25.8E-3	14.2E-3	21.6E-3	16.3E-3	10.3E-3	19.1E-3	211.0E-3	20.7E-3
Mean + kσ	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Mean - kσ	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
OFF-Mode		Total Dose [krad (Si)]					Annealing		
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°C
Off#1	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Off#2	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Off#3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Off#4	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Off#5	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Radiation-Mean OFF	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Standarddeviation	18.5E-3	147.8E-3	18.6E-3	36.5E-3	22.8E-3	6.9E-3	29.4E-3	4.5E-3	27.2E-3
Mean + kσ	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Mean - kσ	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Reference			Total [Oose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°C
Ref1	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3
Min. Value	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3	1.2E+3







6.3 I_DSS @ V_BR_DSS

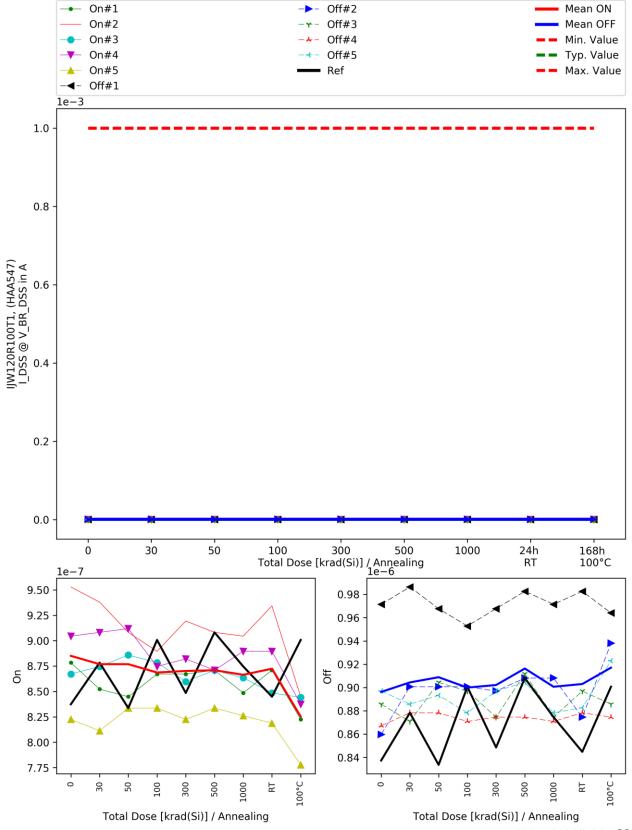
I_DSS @ V_BR_DSS I_V_BR_DSS in A

Limit: x < 0.001

IJW120R100 I1
Date-/Lotcode: HAA547

ON-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling	
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
On#1	878.3E-9	852.3E-9	844.8E-9	867.2E-9	867.2E-9	870.9E-9	848.5E-9	870.9E-9	822.5E-9	
On#2	952.8E-9	937.9E-9	908.1E-9	889.5E-9	919.3E-9	908.1E-9	904.4E-9	934.2E-9	844.8E-9	
On#3	867.2E-9	874.6E-9	885.8E-9	878.3E-9	859.7E-9	870.9E-9	863.4E-9	848.5E-9	844.1E-9	
On#4	904.4E-9	908.1E-9	911.9E-9	874.6E-9	882.1E-9	870.9E-9	889.5E-9	889.5E-9	837.4E-9	
On#5	822.5E-9	811.3E-9	833.6E-9	833.6E-9	822.5E-9	833.6E-9	826.2E-9	818.7E-9	777.8E-9	
Radiation-Mean ON	885.0E-9	876.8E-9	876.9E-9	868.7E-9	870.2E-9	870.9E-9	866.4E-9	872.4E-9	825.3E-9	
Standarddeviation	48.1E-9	49.0E-9	36.0E-9	21.2E-9	35.2E-9	26.3E-9	31.3E-9	43.5E-9	28.1E-9	
Mean + kσ	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	975.5E-9	926.7E-9	966.6E-9	943.1E-9	952.3E-9	991.6E-9	902.2E-9	
Mean - kσ	753.2E-9	742.4E-9	778.2E-9	810.6E-9	773.7E-9	798.7E-9	780.5E-9	753.1E-9	748.4E-9	
OFF-Mode	Total Dose [krad (Si)]								Annealing	
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Off#1	971.5E-9	986.4E-9	967.7E-9	952.8E-9	967.7E-9	982.6E-9	971.5E-9	982.6E-9	964.0E-9	
Off#2	859.7E-9	900.7E-9	900.7E-9	900.7E-9	897.0E-9	908.1E-9	908.1E-9	874.6E-9	937.9E-9	
Off#3	885.8E-9	870.9E-9	904.4E-9	897.0E-9	874.6E-9	911.9E-9	874.6E-9	897.0E-9	885.8E-9	
Off#4	867.2E-9	878.3E-9	878.3E-9	870.9E-9	874.6E-9	874.6E-9	870.9E-9	878.3E-9	874.6E-9	
Off#5	897.0E-9	885.8E-9	893.2E-9	878.3E-9	897.0E-9	904.4E-9	878.3E-9	882.6E-9	923.0E-9	
Radiation-Mean OFF	896.2E-9	904.4E-9	908.9E-9	899.9E-9	902.2E-9	916.3E-9	900.7E-9	903.0E-9	917.1E-9	
Standarddeviation	44.6E-9	47.1E-9	34.4E-9	32.1E-9	38.3E-9	39.9E-9	42.2E-9	45.3E-9	36.9E-9	
Mean + kσ	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	987.9E-9	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	1.0E-6	
Mean - kσ	774.0E-9	775.2E-9	814.6E-9	812.0E-9	797.1E-9	806.9E-9	784.9E-9	778.8E-9	815.8E-9	
Reference			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling	
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Ref1	837.4E-9	878.3E-9	833.6E-9	900.7E-9	848.5E-9	908.1E-9	874.6E-9	844.8E-9	900.7E-9	
Max. Value	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	1.0E-3	







6.4 Drain-Source Leakage Current

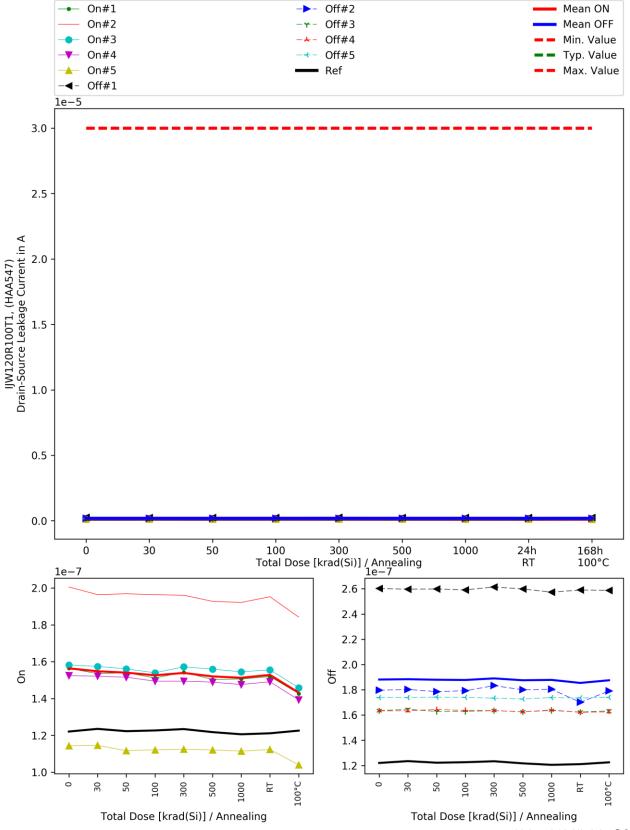
Drain-Source Leakage Current IDSS in A

Limit: x < 3e-05

IJW120R100T1

ON-Mode	_		Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Annealing	
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
On#1	156.4E-9	153.5E-9	154.0E-9	151.2E-9	154.2E-9	150.4E-9	150.6E-9	151.9E-9	142.6E-9
On#2	200.5E-9	196.4E-9	196.8E-9	196.3E-9	196.1E-9	192.8E-9	192.1E-9	195.2E-9	184.2E-9
On#3	158.1E-9	157.4E-9	156.1E-9	154.0E-9	157.2E-9	155.9E-9	154.5E-9	155.5E-9	145.8E-9
On#4	152.4E-9	152.1E-9	151.5E-9	149.4E-9	149.4E-9	148.9E-9	147.6E-9	149.1E-9	139.2E-9
On#5	114.3E-9	114.6E-9	111.7E-9	112.1E-9	112.4E-9	112.1E-9	111.4E-9	112.3E-9	104.0E-9
Radiation-Mean ON	156.4E-9	154.8E-9	154.0E-9	152.6E-9	153.9E-9	152.0E-9	151.2E-9	152.8E-9	143.2E-9
Standarddeviation	30.6E-9	29.0E-9	30.2E-9	29.9E-9	29.7E-9	28.7E-9	28.6E-9	29.4E-9	28.5E-9
Mean + kσ	240.2E-9	234.3E-9	236.7E-9	234.5E-9	235.3E-9	230.6E-9	229.8E-9	233.5E-9	221.2E-9
Mean - kσ	72.5E-9	75.3E-9	71.3E-9	70.7E-9	72.4E-9	73.4E-9	72.7E-9	72.1E-9	65.1E-9
OFF-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Annealing	
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Off#1	260.2E-9	259.7E-9	259.8E-9	259.1E-9	261.4E-9	259.8E-9	257.3E-9	259.0E-9	258.7E-9
Off#2	179.6E-9	180.3E-9	178.5E-9	179.2E-9	183.3E-9	180.0E-9	180.4E-9	170.1E-9	179.1E-9
Off#3	163.5E-9	164.6E-9	162.8E-9	162.9E-9	163.5E-9	162.6E-9	163.6E-9	162.4E-9	163.3E-9
Off#4	163.3E-9	163.4E-9	164.4E-9	163.6E-9	163.5E-9	162.5E-9	164.0E-9	162.1E-9	162.6E-9
Off#5	173.9E-9	173.9E-9	174.2E-9	174.0E-9	173.4E-9	172.7E-9	173.8E-9	173.5E-9	174.0E-9
Radiation-Mean OFF	188.1E-9	188.4E-9	188.0E-9	187.8E-9	189.0E-9	187.5E-9	187.8E-9	185.4E-9	187.5E-9
Standarddeviation	40.9E-9	40.5E-9	40.7E-9	40.5E-9	41.3E-9	41.1E-9	39.5E-9	41.4E-9	40.4E-9
Mean + kσ	300.3E-9	299.3E-9	299.6E-9	298.7E-9	302.2E-9	300.2E-9	296.1E-9	299.0E-9	298.3E-9
Mean - kσ	75.9E-9	77.4E-9	76.3E-9	76.8E-9	75.8E-9	74.9E-9	79.6E-9	71.8E-9	76.7E-9
Reference			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Ref1	122.1E-9	123.5E-9	122.3E-9	122.6E-9	123.4E-9	121.7E-9	120.6E-9	121.1E-9	122.5E-9
Max. Value	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6	30.0E-6







6.5 Gate Threshold Voltage

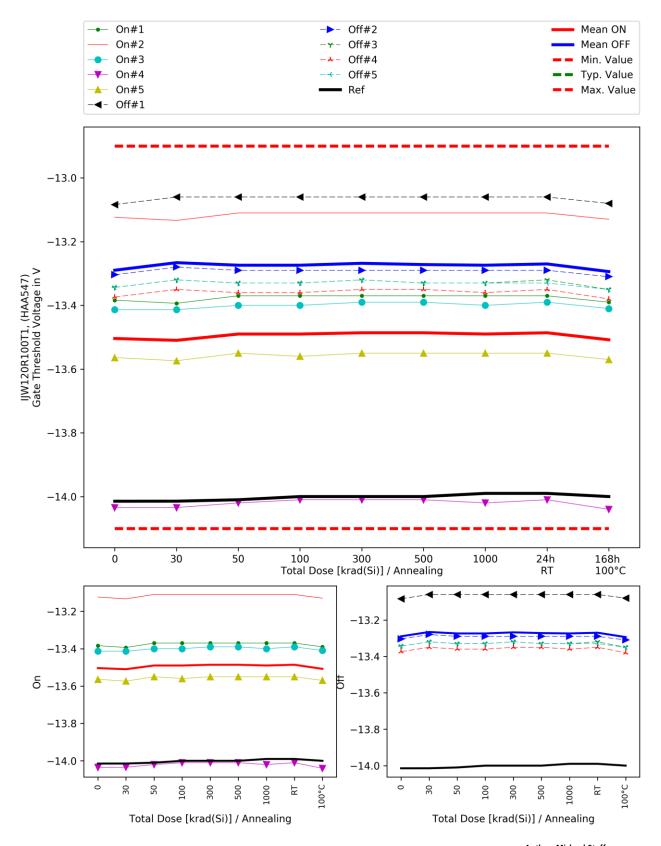
Gate Threshold Voltage VGSth in V

Limit: -14.1 < x < -12.9

IJW120R100T1

ON-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
On#1	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0
On#2	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0
On#3	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0
On#4	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0
On#5	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0
Radiation-Mean ON	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0	-13.5E+0
Standarddeviation	336.3E-3	333.1E-3	335.9E-3	332.5E-3	332.7E-3	332.7E-3	335.9E-3	332.7E-3	336.6E-3
Mean + kσ	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0	-12.6E+0
Mean - kσ	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0	-14.4E+0
OFF-Mode	Total Dose [krad (Si)]								aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Off#1	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0	-13.1E+0
Off#2	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0
Off#3	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.4E+0
Off#4	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0	-13.4E+0
Off#5	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.4E+0
Radiation-Mean OFF	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0	-13.3E+0
Standarddeviation	117.9E-3	117.8E-3	122.2E-3	122.2E-3	118.2E-3	120.5E-3	122.2E-3	119.4E-3	122.2E-3
Mean + kσ	-13.0E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-13.0E+0
Mean - kσ	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0	-13.6E+0
Reference			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Ref1	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0	-14.0E+0
Min. Value	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0	-14.1E+0
Max. Value	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0	-12.9E+0







6.6 Gate-Source Leakage Current

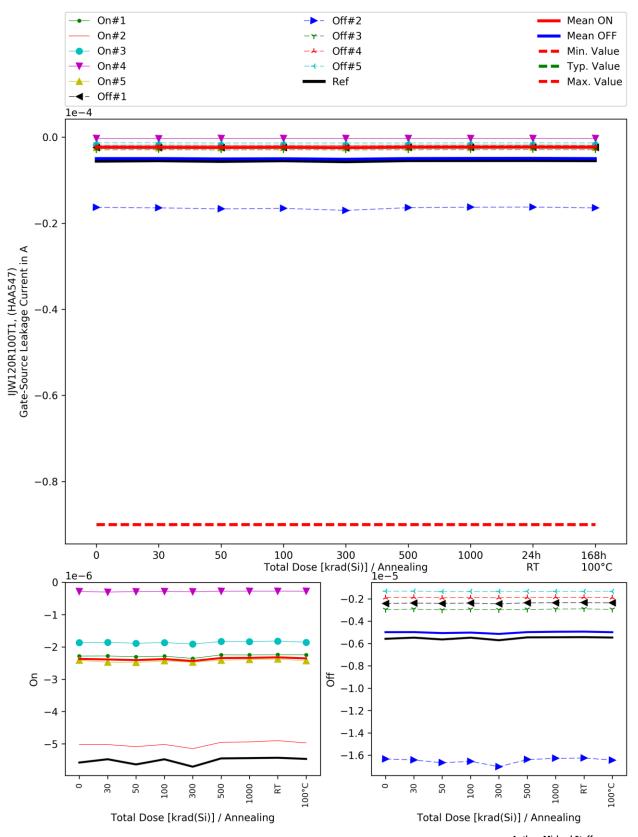
Gate-Source Leakage Current IGSS in A

Limit: -9e-05 < x

IJW120R100T1

ON-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
On#1	-2.3E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.2E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.2E-6	-2.2E-6
On#2	-5.0E-6	-5.0E-6	-5.1E-6	-5.0E-6	-5.1E-6	-5.0E-6	-4.9E-6	-4.9E-6	-5.0E-6
On#3	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.8E-6	-1.8E-6	-1.8E-6	-1.9E-6
On#4	-281.7E-9	-303.7E-9	-286.2E-9	-282.1E-9	-290.0E-9	-277.5E-9	-275.8E-9	-274.8E-9	-276.7E-9
On#5	-2.4E-6	-2.5E-6	-2.5E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.5E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6
Radiation-Mean ON	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.4E-6
Standarddeviation	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6	1.7E-6
Mean + kσ	2.3E-6	2.3E-6	2.3E-6	2.3E-6	2.4E-6	2.3E-6	2.3E-6	2.2E-6	2.3E-6
Mean - kσ	-7.0E-6	-7.1E-6	-7.2E-6	-7.1E-6	-7.2E-6	-7.0E-6	-6.9E-6	-6.9E-6	-7.0E-6
OFF-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Off#1	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.4E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.3E-6	-2.4E-6
Off#2	-16.3E-6	-16.4E-6	-16.7E-6	-16.5E-6	-17.0E-6	-16.4E-6	-16.3E-6	-16.2E-6	-16.4E-6
Off#3	-3.0E-6	-2.9E-6	-3.0E-6	-2.9E-6	-3.0E-6	-2.9E-6	-2.9E-6	-2.9E-6	-2.9E-6
Off#4	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6	-1.9E-6
Off#5	-1.3E-6	-1.3E-6	-1.4E-6	-1.3E-6	-1.3E-6	-1.3E-6	-1.3E-6	-1.3E-6	-1.3E-6
Radiation-Mean OFF	-5.0E-6	-5.0E-6	-5.1E-6	-5.0E-6	-5.1E-6	-5.0E-6	-4.9E-6	-4.9E-6	-5.0E-6
Standarddeviation	6.4E-6	6.4E-6	6.5E-6	6.5E-6	6.7E-6	6.4E-6	6.4E-6	6.3E-6	6.4E-6
Mean + kσ	12.5E-6	12.6E-6	12.8E-6	12.7E-6	13.1E-6	12.6E-6	12.5E-6	12.5E-6	12.6E-6
Mean - kσ	-22.5E-6	-22.6E-6	-22.9E-6	-22.8E-6	-23.4E-6	-22.5E-6	-22.4E-6	-22.3E-6	-22.6E-6
Reference			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Ref1	-5.6E-6	-5.5E-6	-5.6E-6	-5.5E-6	-5.7E-6	-5.5E-6	-5.4E-6	-5.4E-6	-5.5E-6
Min. Value	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6	-90.0E-6







6.7 Drain-Source On-State Resistance

Drain-Source On-State Resistance RdsON in Ohm Corrected data: x-0.04

Limit: x < 0.1

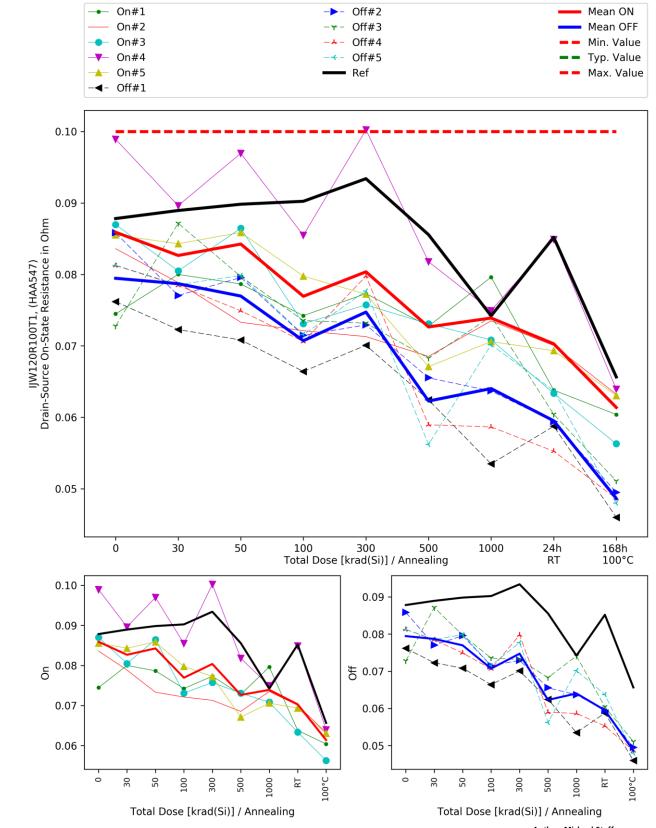
IJW120R100T1

Date-/Lotcode: HAA547

ON-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	ealing
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
On#1	74.5E-3	80.0E-3	78.7E-3	74.2E-3	77.3E-3	72.8E-3	79.6E-3	63.8E-3	60.4E-3
On#2	83.6E-3	78.9E-3	73.3E-3	72.1E-3	71.3E-3	68.5E-3	73.5E-3	70.1E-3	63.2E-3
On#3	87.0E-3	80.5E-3	86.5E-3	73.1E-3	75.7E-3	73.1E-3	70.8E-3	63.4E-3	56.3E-3
On#4	98.9E-3	89.6E-3	97.0E-3	85.5E-3	100.2E-3	81.8E-3	74.9E-3	84.9E-3	63.9E-3
On#5	85.5E-3	84.3E-3	85.9E-3	79.8E-3	77.2E-3	67.1E-3	70.6E-3	69.3E-3	63.0E-3
Radiation-Mean ON	85.9E-3	82.7E-3	84.3E-3	76.9E-3	80.4E-3	72.6E-3	73.9E-3	70.3E-3	61.4E-3
Standarddeviation	8.8E-3	4.4E-3	8.9E-3	5.6E-3	11.4E-3	5.7E-3	3.7E-3	8.7E-3	3.1E-3
Mean + kσ	109.9E-3	94.7E-3	108.8E-3	92.3E-3	111.6E-3	88.4E-3	84.0E-3	94.2E-3	70.0E-3
Mean - kσ	61.9E-3	70.6E-3	59.7E-3	61.6E-3	49.2E-3	56.9E-3	63.8E-3	46.4E-3	52.8E-3
OFF-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	ealing
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Off#1	76.2E-3	72.3E-3	70.8E-3	66.4E-3	70.1E-3	62.4E-3	53.5E-3	58.7E-3	46.0E-3
Off#2	85.8E-3	77.1E-3	79.6E-3	71.5E-3	72.9E-3	65.5E-3	63.7E-3	59.4E-3	49.5E-3
Off#3	72.8E-3	87.2E-3	79.7E-3	73.5E-3	73.2E-3	68.3E-3	74.1E-3	60.4E-3	51.1E-3
Off#4	81.2E-3	78.5E-3	74.9E-3	70.6E-3	79.8E-3	59.0E-3	58.7E-3	55.3E-3	48.6E-3
Off#5	81.3E-3	78.6E-3	79.9E-3	71.6E-3	77.7E-3	56.2E-3	70.2E-3	63.7E-3	48.0E-3
Radiation-Mean OFF	79.5E-3	78.7E-3	77.0E-3	70.7E-3	74.7E-3	62.3E-3	64.0E-3	59.5E-3	48.6E-3
Standarddeviation	5.1E-3	5.4E-3	4.0E-3	2.6E-3	3.9E-3	4.9E-3	8.4E-3	3.1E-3	1.9E-3
Mean + kσ	93.3E-3	93.4E-3	88.0E-3	77.9E-3	85.5E-3	75.6E-3	87.0E-3	67.9E-3	53.8E-3
Mean - kσ	65.6E-3	64.0E-3	66.0E-3	63.5E-3	64.0E-3	48.9E-3	41.1E-3	51.1E-3	43.5E-3
Reference			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	ealing
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Ref1	87.8E-3	88.9E-3	89.8E-3	90.2E-3	93.4E-3	85.6E-3	74.2E-3	85.2E-3	65.6E-3
Max. Value	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3	100.0E-3

Note: Measured values corrected by setup resistance of approx. 40 mOhm. Displayed are the already corrected values.







6.8 Diode Forward Voltage

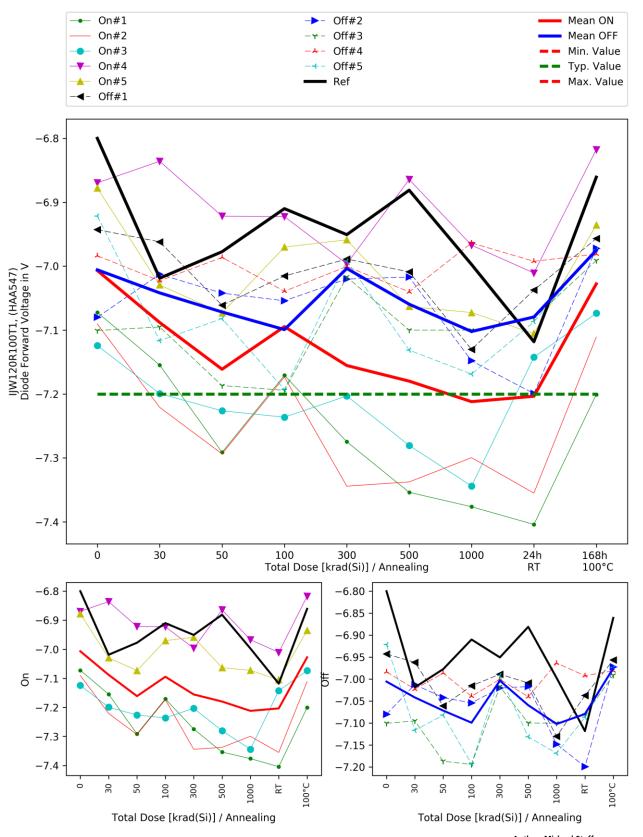
Diode Forward Voltage VSD in V

Limit: x

IJW120R100T1

ON-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
On#1	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.4E+0	-7.4E+0	-7.4E+0	-7.2E+0
On#2	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.4E+0	-7.1E+0
On#3	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0
On#4	-6.9E+0	-6.8E+0	-6.9E+0	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-6.8E+0
On#5	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-6.9E+0
Radiation-Mean ON	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.0E+0
Standarddeviation	123.0E-3	159.3E-3	161.1E-3	138.9E-3	170.4E-3	211.2E-3	181.3E-3	168.6E-3	151.3E-3
Mean + kσ	-6.7E+0	-6.7E+0	-6.7E+0	-6.7E+0	-6.7E+0	-6.6E+0	-6.7E+0	-6.7E+0	-6.6E+0
Mean - kσ	-7.3E+0	-7.5E+0	-7.6E+0	-7.5E+0	-7.6E+0	-7.8E+0	-7.7E+0	-7.7E+0	-7.4E+0
OFF-Mode			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Off#1	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0
Off#2	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.0E+0
Off#3	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0
Off#4	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0
Off#5	-6.9E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0
Radiation-Mean OFF	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.1E+0	-7.0E+0
Standarddeviation	80.7E-3	63.3E-3	73.5E-3	87.3E-3	14.3E-3	53.7E-3	81.5E-3	77.1E-3	12.6E-3
Mean + kσ	-6.8E+0	-6.9E+0	-6.9E+0	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-6.9E+0	-6.9E+0	-6.9E+0	-6.9E+0
Mean - kσ	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.3E+0	-7.0E+0
Reference			Total	Dose [krad (Si)]			Anne	aling
	0	30	50	100	300	500	1000	24h @RT	68h @ 100°(
Ref1	-6.8E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.0E+0	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-6.9E+0	-7.0E+0	-7.1E+0	-6.9E+0
Typ. Value	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0	-7.2E+0







A Fraunhofer INT

A.1. About the institute

The Fraunhofer Institute for Technological Trend Analysis INT provides scientifically sound assessments and counselling on the entire spectrum of technological developments. On this basis, the Institute conducts Technology Forecasting, making possible a long-term approach to strategic research planning. Fraunhofer INT constantly applies this competence in projects tailor-made for our clients.

Over and above these skills, we run our own experimental and theoretical research on the effects of ionizing and electromagnetic radiation on electronic components, as well as on radiation detection systems. To this end, INT is equipped with the latest measurement technology. Our main laboratory and large-scale appliances are radiation sources, electromagnetic simulation facilities and detector systems that cannot be found in this combination in any other civilian body in Germany.

For more than 40 years, INT has been a reliable partner for the Federal German Ministry of Defence, which it advises in close cooperation and for which it carries out research in technology analysis and strategic planning as well as radiation effects. INT also successfully advises and conducts research for domestic and international civilian clients: both public bodies and industry, from SMEs to DAX 30 companies.

Further information can be found on the website [1].

A.2. Business unit Nuclear Effects in Electronics and Optics

The Business Unit "Nuclear Effects in Electronic and Optics (NEO)" at Fraunhofer INT investigates the effects of ionizing radiation on electronic, optoelectronic, and photonic components and systems. Its work is based on more than 40 years of experience in that field.

NEO performs irradiation tests based on international standards and advises companies regarding radiation qualification and hardening of components and systems. The knowledge obtained in years of radiation testing is also used for the development of new radiation sensor systems. These activities are performed either at irradiation facilities installed at INT or at partner institutions to which our scientists have regular access.

A multitude of modern equipment to measure electrical and optical parameters is available. Furthermore our institute runs a precision mechanical workshop and an electronic laboratory. This enables us to conduct most of the irradiation tests without help or equipment of the customer.

The activities within NEO are:

- Investigations of the effects in all kinds of radiation environments
- Performance, analysis, and evaluation of irradiation tests done at Fraunhofer INT and external facilities



- Ensuring the operability of components and systems in typical radiation environments, such as space, nuclear facilities, medicine, or accelerators
- Consulting users and manufacturers on the use of products in radiation environments by selecting, optimizing and hardening
- Measurement of the radiation effects on optical fibers and fiber Bragg gratings (FBG)
- Development of radiation sensors based on optical fibers, FBGs, oscillating crystals, UV-EPROMs, and SRAMs
- Participation in the development of international test procedures for IEC, IEEE, NATO, and IAEA
- Since 2013 all services of the business unit are certified according to ISO 9001

A.3. Irradiation facilities

Fraunhofer INT operates several irradiation facilities on site that are dedicated to perform irradiation tests. For that purpose the design and operation characteristics are highly optimised from many decades of experience and to comply with all relevant standards and test procedures.

Furthermore Fraunhofer INT accesses regularly external facilities, partly with dedicated irradiation spots for exclusive use to Fraunhofer INT.

These irradiation facilities are:

- Co-60 irradiation sources on site to simulate the effect of total dose
- Neutron generators on site to simulate the displacement damage of heavy particles
- 450 keV X-ray irradiation facility on site
- Laser induced single event test system on site
- Dedicated proton irradiation spot at the injector cyclotron of FZ Jülich to simulate the effects of solar and trapped protons
- External Co-60 irradiation sources for high dose and high dose rate irradiations

The facilities used in the context of this work will be described in detail in the following sections.



A.4. QM-Certificate

DNV-GL

MANAGEMENT SYSTEM CERTIFICATE

Certificate No: 126306-2012-AQ-GER-DAkkS Initial certification date: 13. February 2013 Valid: 29. March 2018 - 12. February 2019

This is to certify that the management system of



Fraunhofer-Institut für Naturwissenschaftlich-Technische Trendanalysen INT

Appelsgarten 2, 53879 Euskirchen, Germany

has been found to conform to the Quality Management System standard:

ISO 9001:2015

This certificate is valid for the following scope:

Scientific research on the effects of nuclear and electromagnetic radiation as well as application and development of methods for their characterization

Place and date: Essen, 29. March 2018





For the issuing office: DNV GL - Business Assurance Schnieringshof 14, 45329 Essen, Germany

Thomas Beck
Technical Manager

Lack of fulfilment of conditions as set out in the Certification Agreement may render this Certificate invalid.

ACCREDITED UNIT: DNV GL Business Assurance Zertifizierung und Umweltgutachter GmbH, Schnieningshof 14, 45329 Essen, Germany TEL: +49 201 7256-522. www.dnygl.de/assurance



B Irradiation details

B.1. Irradiation facility TK1000B

The TK1000B is a Co-60 gamma irradiator manufactured by Sauerwein Isotopentechnik, Germany. Inside the shielding container is a small radioactive pellet with a diameter of 7 mm and a length of 10.4 mm. The activity decreases with a physical half-life of 5.27 years. The current radioactive pellet was installed in the irradiator at 2012-01-25. The activity at that time was 16526 GBg.

In deactivated state the radioactive pellet is stored inside the shielding container allowing the operator to install the samples and conduct measurements without getting exposed to ionizing radiation.

On activation, the radioactive source is pushed into the source guiding tube in less than a second irradiating the surrounding volume.

The certificate of the radioactive source can be found in Appendix B.4.





B.2. Radiation properties of TK1000B

The samples are irradiated with Co-60 gamma radiation. The radioactive Co 60 isotope decays by emitting beta radiation (i.e. electrons) into a highly excited Ni-60 isotope which emits two gamma photons to reach the stable ground state. The gamma radiation has two energy levels of 1.172 MeV and 1.332 MeV.

The gamma radiation of around 1 MeV is a penetrating radiation, so the samples are irradiated completely. The shielding of the sample holder and other surrounding material between the source and the sample is negligible.

The radiation is emitted from a point-like source. Thus the dose rate \dot{D} falls off with $1/r^2$ where r is the distance from the source.

$$\dot{D}(r) = \dot{D}_0 \cdot \frac{r_0^2}{r^2}$$

B.3. Dosimetry at TK1000B

The dosimetry is done regularly with calibrated ionisation chambers manufactured by IBA, Germany, and PTW Freiburg, Germany.

The dose rates obtained at varying distances between 2 cm and 50 cm and in different directions relative to the source are used to develop a model of the dose rate distribution around the source as a function of distance and direction. The dose rate of an individual measurement is scaled to a reference date taking the half-life of the radioactive isotope into account. This model is constantly checked and improved with each additional measurement of dose rates.

As a result a reliable description of the dose rates inside a specific volume arranged in a given geometry in the vicinity of the irradiation source is available.

The uncertainties of the reported dose rates are given by an uncertainty evaluation according to [2] and mainly result from the uncertainties of the dosimetry and positioning of the samples.

The uncertainty evaluation for this irradiation can be found in Appendix C.



B.4. Certificate of TK1000B irradiation source



Qualitätszertifikat

für umschlossene Strahlenquelle

TK 1000 B

Prüfungszeugnis - Nr.: 12061

Frauenhofer Institut Kunde:

Strahler/HRQ Ident. Nr.: 001-2010(GK60R01 GK60R01 Kapsel Typ: ISO/99/E 65546 ISO Code: NF/99/E 65546 AFNOR Code:

RUS/5614/S-96 (Rev. 0) Zertifikat Nr.:

Radionuklid: Co-60

Physikalische Form: fest, umschlossen Chemische Form: metallisch

Brennfleck in mm x mm: 7.0x10.4 mm

20102,1 GBq (30.07.2010 Herstellungsaktivität: 543,3 Ci)

Herstellungsdatum:

Dichtheitsbescheinigung

Oberflächenkontaminationstest: ohne Beanstandung 30.07.2010 Ergebnis: < 185 Bq Datum:

Lecktest: ohne Beanstandung 30.07.2010 Datum: Ergebnis: dicht

Die Qualitätskontrolle wurde vom Hersteller in unserem Namen durchgeführt. Es wird bescheinigt, daß die umschlossene radioaktive Strahlenquelle den Anforderungen nach NF / ISO 9978 (1992), ISO 2919 (1999) und NF M61002 (1984) entspricht.

Der oben genannte Strahler wurde in einem neuen bzw. entsprechend DIN 54115 Teil 6 überprüften und zugelassenen Strahlerhalter Nr.: eingebaut.

Datum: 25.01.2012 Signum IT-Service:

Tel.: 02129 / 377595 Fax: 02129 / 378794 IT-Service Leipzig GmbH, BS Haan, Bergische Straße 16, 42781 Haan



C Irradiation documentation

Irradiation Source	TK1000B (2012)	Date 01.03.201
Responsible Employee	MS	-
Project Description	NEO-14-086 TOPSIDE SIC Rui	n #3
Reference Data for D	ose Rate Calculation	
		Standard uncertainty ¹⁾
Reference Activity Reference Dose Rate	8.45 TBq ± 10.0% e 2.35 Gy/s ± 2.5%	Standard uncertainty 1)
Reference Distance	10 cm ± 0.5%	Standard uncertainty ¹⁾
Reference Date	01.01.1990]
Geometry of Irradiate	ed Object (As defined or measu	ıred):
Inner Diameter	8.70 cm ± 0.05 cm	-
Outer Diameter Height	11.40 cm ± 0.05 cm 0.50 cm ± 0.05 cm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Surface of Object Object Minimum Object Maximum Mean Distance	15.50 cm ± 0.05 cm 16.09 cm ± 0.05 cm 17.00 cm ± 0.07 cm 16.54 cm ± 0.11 cm	Standard uncertainty ²⁾ Standard uncertainty ²⁾
Dose Rates in Object		
Minimum	0.0230 Gy/s ± 2.8%	Standard uncertainty ²⁾
Mean	0.0243 Gy/s ± 2.8%	Standard uncertainty ²⁾
Maximum	0.0257 Gy/s ± 2.8%	Standard uncertainty ²⁾
Irradiation Time	4107516 s ± 1 s	Standard uncertainty 1)
in DD HH:MM:SS	16 12:58:36 ± 1 s	Standard uncertainty ¹⁾
Dose in Object		
Minimum	94591 Gy ± 2.8%	Standard uncertainty ²⁾
	105723 Gy ± 2.8%	Standard uncertainty ²⁾
Maximum		
Maximum Mean	100000 Gy ± 5.5%	Expanded uncertainty 3)

Author: Michael Steffens Report 025/2017 Version 1.0